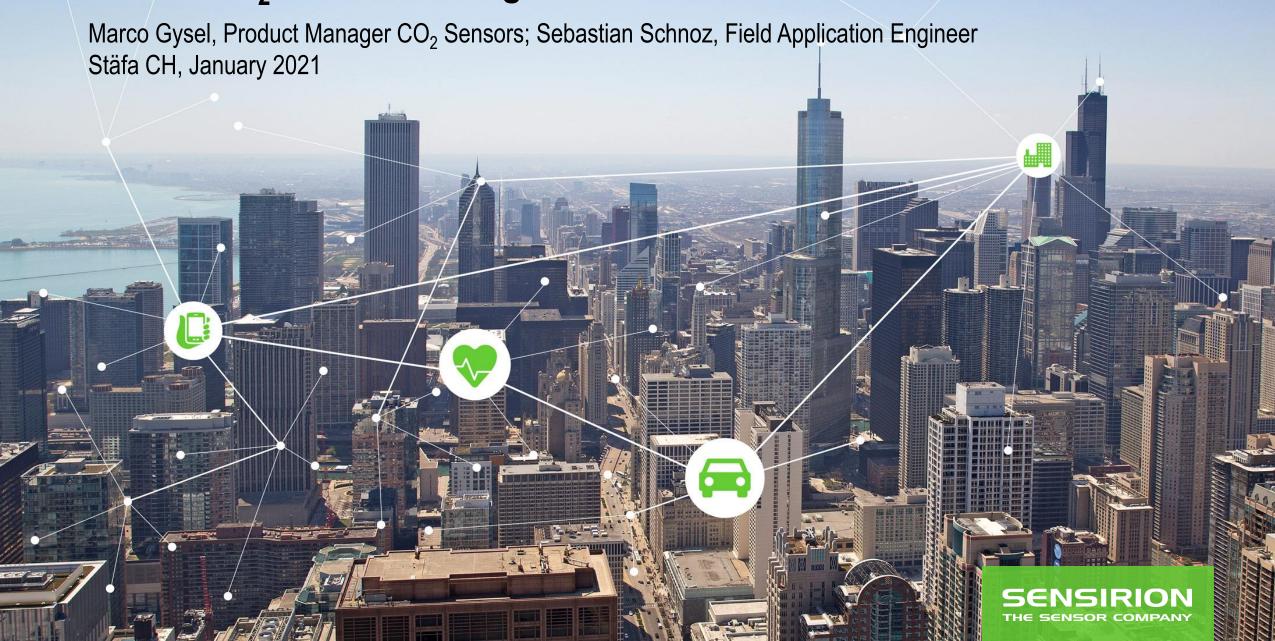
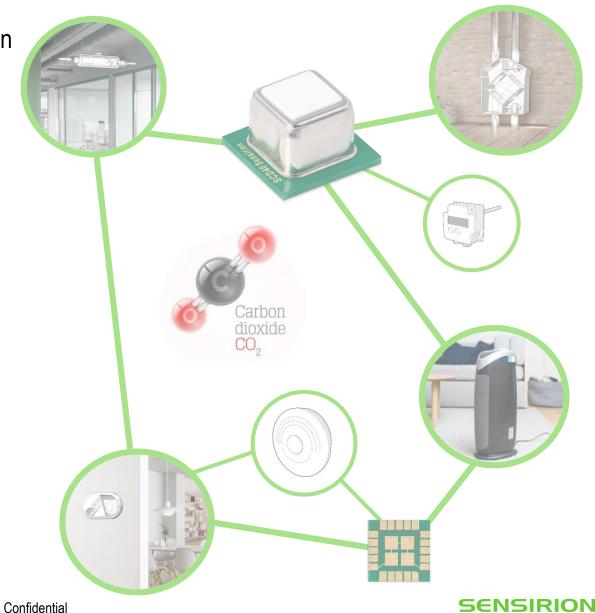
SCD4x CO₂ Sensor Testing Guideline



1. Overview: Most important testing recommendation

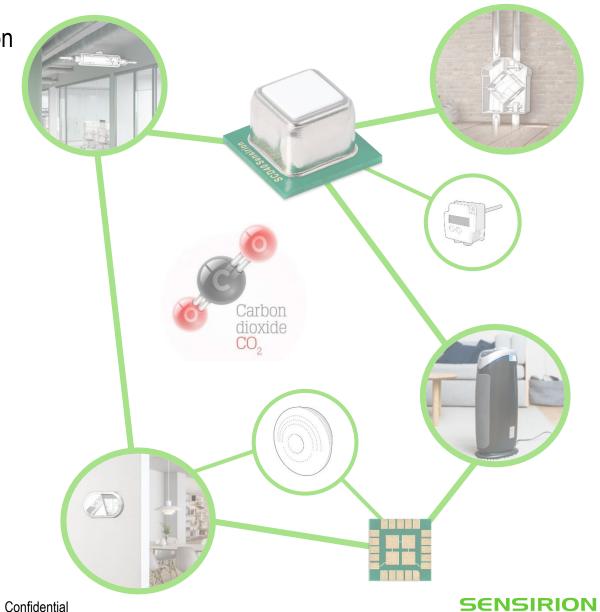
- 2. Testing Sequence
- 3. Sensor Qualification
 - Qualification Sequence
 - Pass / Fail Criteria

- 4. Dive-in: Forced Recalibration (FRC)
 - FRC via ControlCenter
 - FRC via I2C
- 5. Dive-in: Sensor Self-Test
- 6. Dive-in: Basic performance testing



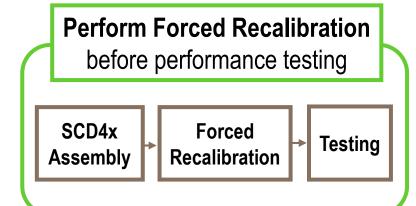
- 1. Overview: Most important testing recommendation
- 2. Testing Sequence
- 3. Sensor Qualification
 - Qualification Sequence
 - Pass / Fail Criteria

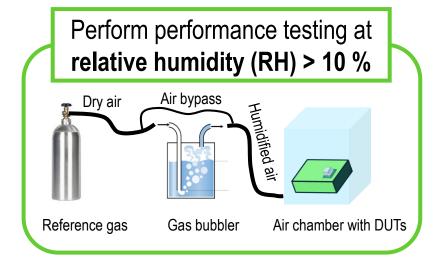
- 4. Dive-in: Forced Recalibration (FRC)
 - FRC via ControlCenter
 - FRC via I2C
- 5. Dive-in: Sensor Self-Test
- 6. Dive-in: Basic performance testing

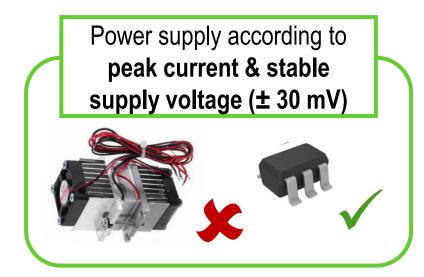


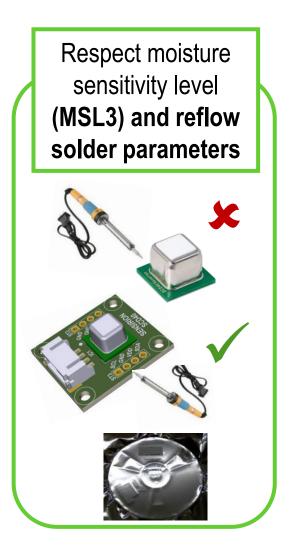
1. Overview: Most important testing recommendations









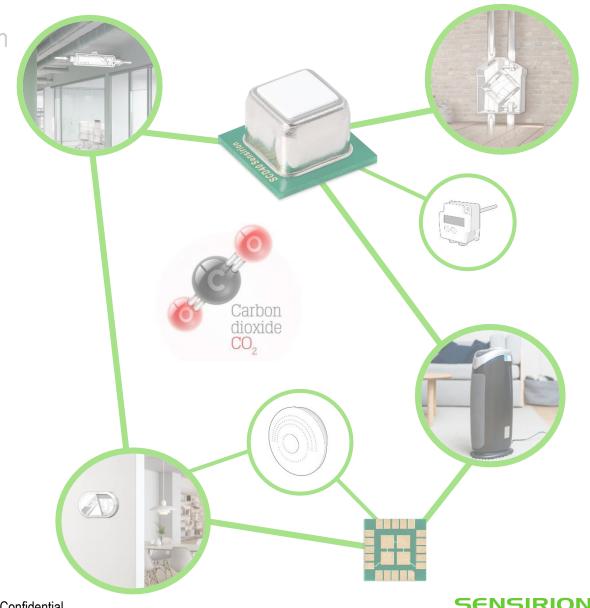


1. Overview: Most important testing recommendation

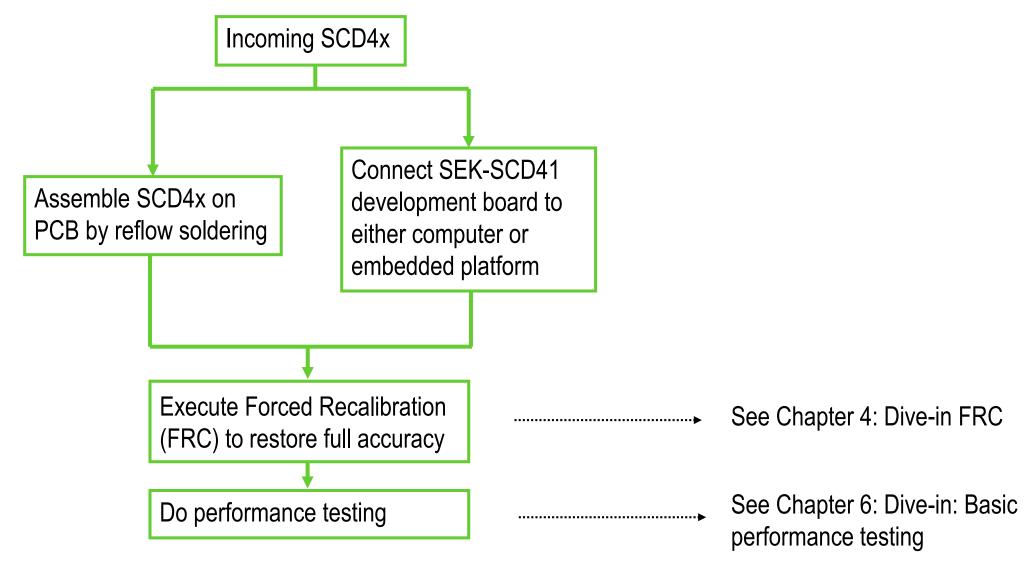
2. Testing Sequence

- 3. Sensor Qualification
 - Qualification Sequence
 - Pass / Fail Criteria

- 4. Dive-in: Forced Recalibration (FRC)
 - FRC via ControlCenter
 - FRC via I2C
- 5. Dive-in: Sensor Self-Test
- 6. Dive-in: Basic performance testing

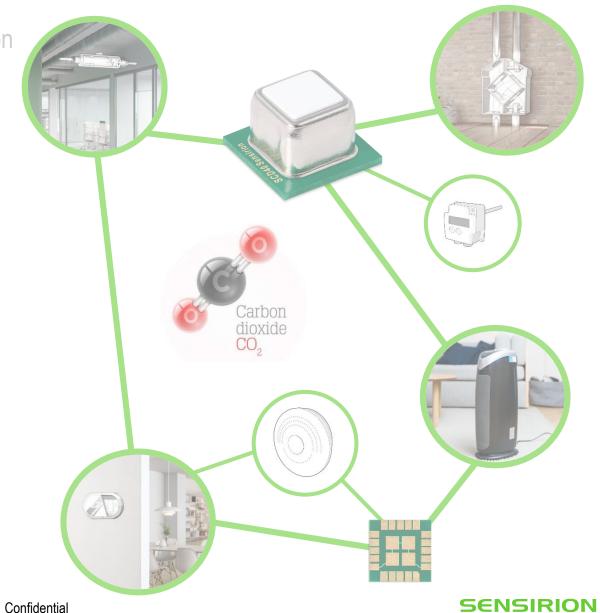


2. Assembly / Testing Sequence

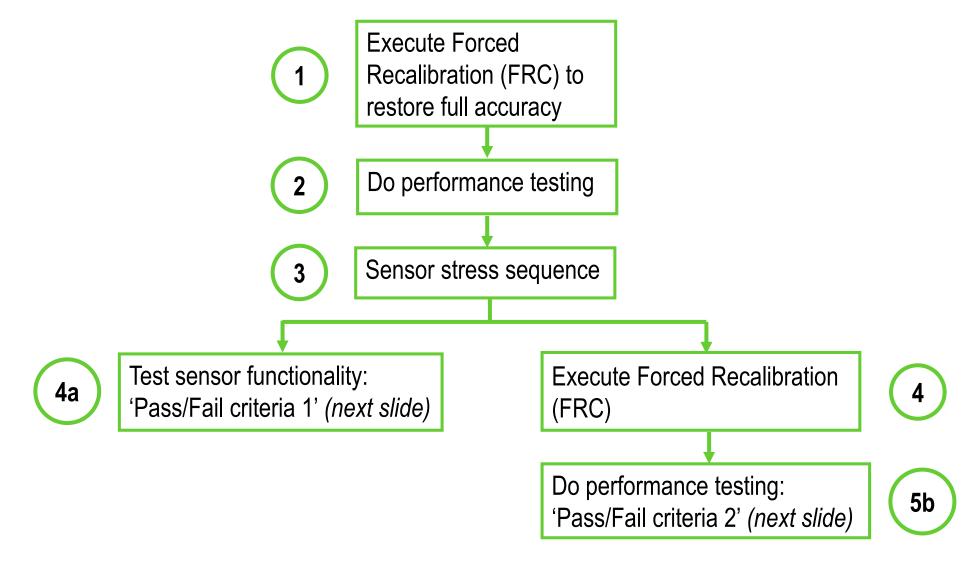


- 1. Overview: Most important testing recommendation
- 2. Testing Sequence
- 3. Sensor Qualification
 - Qualification Sequence
 - Pass / Fail Criteria

- 4. Dive-in: Forced Recalibration (FRC)
 - FRC via ControlCenter
 - FRC via I2C
- 5. Dive-in: Sensor Self-Test
- 6. Dive-in: Basic performance testing



3. Sensor Qualification: Qualification Sequence



3. Sensor Qualification: Pass / Fail Criteria

4a

Pass / Fail criteria 1: No FRC applied after sensor stress sequence

Option 1: Sensor electrically intact

Pass criteria: Sensor responds to commands

Option 2: Conduct self-test with SCD4x

- Pass criteria: No error flag detected
- See Chapter 5: Dive-in Sensor Self-Test

5b

Pass / Fail criteria 2: FRC applied after sensor stress sequence

 Compare SCD4x sensor output to reference (reference sensor or reference gas)

Pass/ fail criteria:

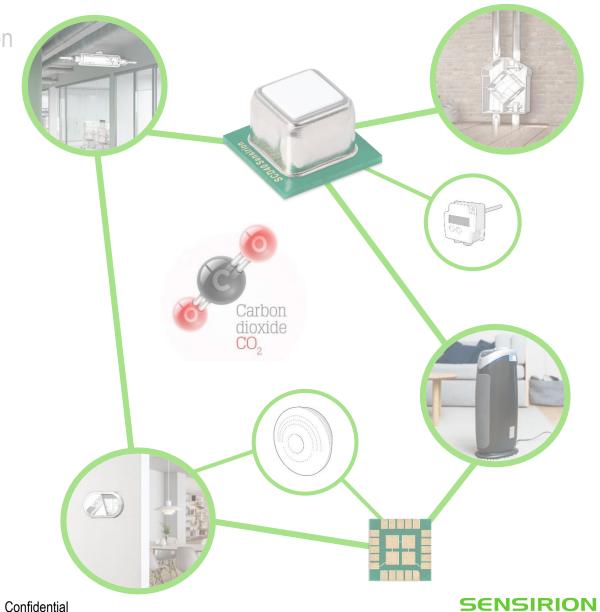
- Measurement within: SCD4x accuracy + specified
 SCD4x drift + Reference sensor accuracy
- SCD40 accuracy: ± (50 ppm + 5 % MV)
- SCD41 accuracy: ± (40 ppm + 5 % MV)
- Specified drift: ± (5 ppm + 2 % MV)*simulated years
- Reference sensor accuracy: depends on ref. system

Example: Simulated sensor lifetime = 10 years

→ Acceptance criteria = ± (100 ppm + 25 % MV) + accuracy reference system

- 1. Overview: Most important testing recommendation
- 2. Testing Sequence
- 3. Sensor Qualification
 - Qualification Sequence
 - Pass / Fail Criteria

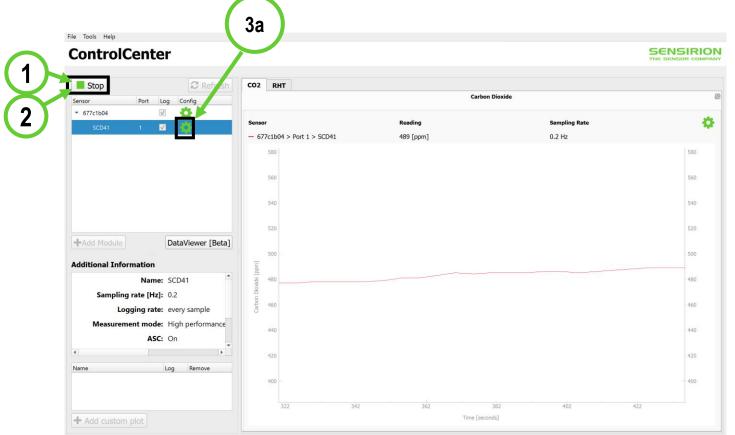
- 4. Dive-in: Forced Recalibration (FRC)
 - FRC via ControlCenter
 - FRC via I2C
- 5. Dive-in: Sensor Self-Test
- 6. Dive-in: Basic performance testing



4. Dive-in: Forced Recalibration (FRC) via ControlCenter



CO₂ concentration must be constant throughout the process. Use well-calibrated reference sensor as FRC-input CO₂ concentration.





4. Dive-in: Forced Recalibration (FRC) via I2C

Operate SCD4x for > 3 minutes Stop continuous measurement Perform forced recalibration Process validation

Send start_periodic_measurement command: 0x21 0xb1 [0x21 0xb1 = command]

Send stop_periodic_measurement command: 0x3f 0x86 [0x3f 0x86 = command]

Send perform_forced_recalibration command:

0x36 0x2f 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX

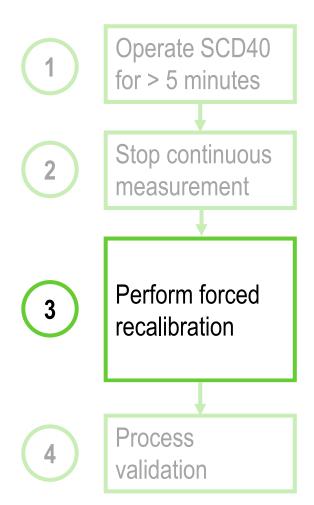
[0x36 0x2f = command; 0xXX 0xXX = CO2 value reference; 0xXX = CRC (CO2 MSB and LSB)] → See next slide

Operate SCD4x for > 3 minutes (start_periodic_measurement) and compare SCD4x output with reference sensor

CO₂ concentration must be constant throughout the process. Use well-calibrated reference sensor as FRC-input CO₂ concentration.



4. Dive-in: Forced Recalibration (FRC) via I2C Example



Example

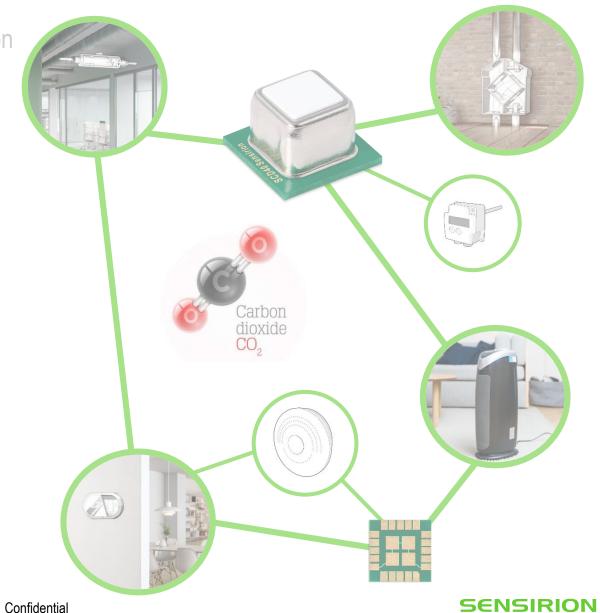
Table 18: perform_forced_recalibration I2C sequence description

Write (hexadecimal)	Input parameter: Target CO ₂ concentration		Response parameter: FRC-correction		Max.
	length [bytes]	signal conversion	length [bytes]	signal conversion	command duration [ms]
0x362f	3	Target concentration [ppm CO ₂] = word[0]	3	FRC correction [ppm CO ₂] = word[0] - 0x8000 word[0] = 0xfff in case of failed FRC	400
Example: perform	n forced recalibration, refe	rence CO ₂ concentration i	s 490 ppm		
Write	0x362f	0x01e0	0xb4		
(hexadecimal)	Command	Input: 490 ppm	CRC of 0x01e0		
Wait	400 ms	command execution time			
Response	0x7fce	0x7b			
(hexadecimal)	Response: - 50 ppm	CRC of 0x7fce			

SCD4x Datasheet: www.sensirion.com/file/datasheet_scd4x

- 1. Overview: Most important testing recommendation
- 2. Testing Sequence
- 3. Sensor Qualification
 - Qualification Sequence
 - Pass / Fail Criteria

- 4. Dive-in: Forced Recalibration (FRC)
 - FRC via ControlCenter
 - FRC via I2C
- 5. Dive-in: Sensor Self-Test
- 6. Dive-in: Basic performance testing



5. Dive-in: Sensor Self-Test

Description:

- The built-in sensor self-test feature allows to test whether the sensor is functional
- A sensor response of 0x0000 indicates that no malfunction was identified
- Any other response than 0x0000 indicates that either the sensor is malfunctioning or the supply voltage / current is unstable / not sufficient

Example

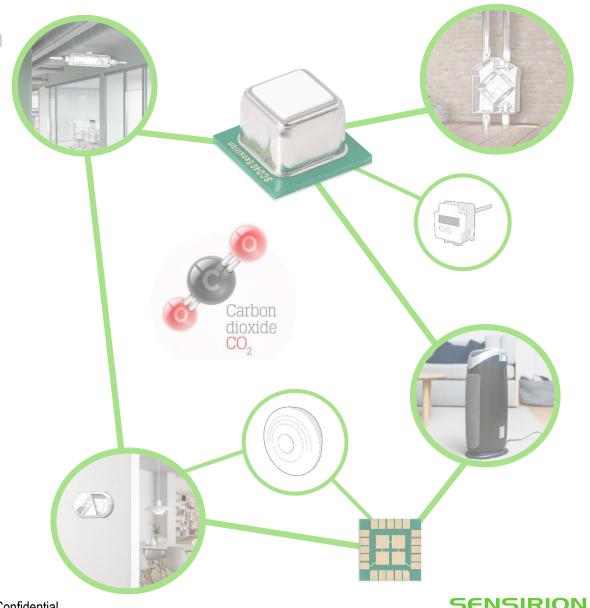
Table 25: perform_self_test I2C sequence description

Write (hexadecimal)	Input paramete	Input parameter: -		Response parameter: sensor status	
	length [bytes]	signal conversion	length [bytes]	signal conversion	duration [ms]
0x3639	-	-	3	word[0] = $0 \rightarrow$ no malfunction detected word[0] $\neq 0 \rightarrow$ malfunction detected	5500
Example: perfor	m self-test, no malf	unction detected			
Example: perfor Write	m self-test, no malfo 0x3639	unction detected			
	•	unction detected			
Write	0x3639	unction detected command execution to	ime		
Write (hexadecimal)	0x3639 Command		ime		

SCD4x Datasheet: www.sensirion.com/file/datasheet_scd4x

- 1. Overview: Most important testing recommendation
- 2. Testing Sequence
- 3. Sensor Qualification
 - Qualification Sequence
 - Pass / Fail Criteria

- 4. Dive-in: Forced Recalibration (FRC)
 - FRC via ControlCenter
 - FRC via I2C
- 5. Dive-in: Sensor Self-Test
- 6. Dive-in: Basic performance testing



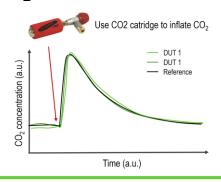
6. Dive-in: Basic performance testing

CO2 concentration-jump with reference

Set-up: Place SCD4x sensors and reference sensor inside closed air chamber or box

Procedure:

- 1. Perform FRC with the DUTs
- 2. Start and record measurement
- 3. Inject CO₂ (100 %, no air mixture) into the air chamber to realize higher concentration (ideally 3k 5k ppm)
- 4. Allow CO₂ to slowly diffuse out of the box

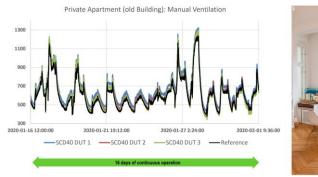


Field study with reference sensor

Set-up: Place SCD4x sensors and reference sensor inside a confined room that is sometimes occupied by people

Procedure:

- Perform FRC with the DUTs
- 2. Start and record measurement
- Let the sensors run for several days / weeks





SENSIRION THE SENSOR COMPANY

Recommended CO₂ Reference: Edinburgh Gascard NG 0 – 1%

Where to take reference value from?

Having a good reference value is crucial!

Options:

- Sealed environment with known concentration in range 400 ppm 2000 ppm
- Open space with a good reference sensor
 - Keep away from sources and drains (humans, windows, ventilation)
 - Put reference sensor close to SCD4x
 - Good referencere, Recommendation:
 - Edinburgh Gascard NG 0 1% & gas bottles with certified CO₂ concentration at 0 and 10000 ppm for recalibration.

